New-York & Erie Co. have again raised the fare to Buffalo to \$9. An application for a receiver for the Terre Haute, Alton & St. Louis Road is about to be

made in Illinois.

We hear of no gold yet engaged for the Wednesday steamer. The Bank Statement of weekly averages is un expectedly favorable. The loans show a small increase due undoulstedly to the preparations for the payments of the 4th inst., while the specie reserve shows an increase of over half a million. The shipments of Saturday last do not show in this statement, and will bring down the averages of the next statement. The following one will again have the advantage of a California The deposit line shows a moderate increase, The following is a statement of the condition of the

Banks of the city of New-York:

April 28, 417, 003,067 Specie. 21,299,299 Circulation 21,419,437	20,040,190	Inc	\$390,853 \$15,937 642,817 143,888
The movement of the	Banks since	Nov. 24,	1855,

8,007,441

8,623,650 8,973,318 8,337,762 8,627,421 8,338,319 23,036,812 128,388,223 130,696,731 28,420,759 8,444,326 22,569,133 8,924,233

We have been favored with a copy of the bill of Complaints filed against the Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad Company on behalf of the holders of the First Mortgage Bonds. The document is too lengthy for republication in our columns. It contains a minute account of all the circumstances under which the bonds were issued, and sets forth that there are 413 of the bonds in the bands of innocent holders, and 7 held by the Farmers' Losn and Trust Company, as a contribution to the Sinking Fund; that the first default in the payment of interest occurred on the 1st of November, 1858, when a half year's interest was due, and that no payment of interest has been made since that date; that the Trustee has refused to take any action to enforce payment except at the request of a majority of the bondholders, and then only by sale in the City of New-York; that the road is in the possession of Jesper Vliet, its former Superintendent, who, as the com plainants are informed and believe, has, since the Spring of 1859, been operating the same for his own benefit, and that of his friends and all or some portion of the Directors, claiming to hold possess under a mortgage, a copy of which accompanies the complaint, and that the income has been largely in excess of the receipts. The terms of the bill are extremely severe upon the Superintendent and also upon the Trustee, charging the latter, upon information and belief, with connivance with the former to wear out the road and depreciate the value of the securities, having been repeatedly requested to take prompt steps to protect the rights of the bondholders under his trust, which he has refused to do. An accounting is called for and an order for the appointment of a receiver which we are informed was granted, and a highly re spectable citizen of Wisconsin appointed. Subse quently a temporary stay of proceedings was obtained but it is believed nothing can now prevent the bondholders from obtaining possession, the matter being in the hands, as we are informed, of faithful and energetic counsel. The bolders of some 300 bonds have joined in the proceedings already, and nearly all the There are rumors in town that some \$35,000 in cash have been attached in the dwelling-house of the Superintendent, but we have no more authentic information on the subject than is contained in the following,

which we find in The Milwaukee Free Democrat:
"The Sheriff attached the safe of the Horizon Rail-"The Sheril attached the sate of the 10000 as a road Company, one day last week, which it was supposed contained about \$20,000. The safe was in the house of Jesper Vliet, e.g., Superintendent of the road. We learn that the safe was blown open on Saturday night, and was found to contain \$20,400. A pretty good and, and probably well repaid the very the safe was the character which the gredient exhibited which the creditors exhibited

At Philadelphia there is no quotable change in the money market. Capital is very abundant, and prime paper is scarce, and wanted outside the banks at 5 26 e cent per sumom, the latter for long date, and call

loans are readily negotiated at 5 P cent per annum.

The new Victoria Rolling Mill, located at the jun tion of the Ohio and Mississippi and Terre Haute, Alton, and St. Louis Railroads, at East St. Louis, has been purchased by E. B. Brown, formerly General Agent of the St. Louis, Alton, and Chicago Railroad, and Wm. Cessford, master machinist of the same Company. This mill was built to make railroad and bar iron, and will immediately commence operation under the new owners. The Ohio and Mississippi, and Terre Haute and Alton have already laid new rails from this mill

A few days since, in the Court of Common Pleas for Ross County, at Chillicothe, Judges Dickey and Briggs present, the sale of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad property, as made under a decree of that Court, was confirmed. One hundred thousand dollars of the purchase money has been paid into Court. The amount for which the property was sold, \$50,000, is set aside for the payment of back dues to employees. Arrangements for the completion of the road have not ye been perfected, owing to the necessarily tedious pro cess of communicating with the foreign proprietors.

Mr. Gill, of Dwight, Gill, & Co., cotton shippers of Memphis, has been in Cincinnati, with a view of inducing the Executive Committee of the Miami Roads to make a special rate on cotton in compressed bales, assuring the Committee that a reduction of 75 cents per hale would cause a vast addition to the amount of cotton shipped via Cincinnati. This proposition was favorably considered, and is likely to be adopted.

A delivery of Massachusetts State Scrip, to the amount of \$200,000, was made on Friday to the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company for the purchase of the entire road, franchise, stock, bonds, and other property of the Southern Vermont Railroad Company, in accordance with the provisions of the eighth section of the act passed at the recent session of the Logisla-Inre of Massachusetts.

Respecting the movement of the Anthracite coal

trade, The Philadelphia Ledger of to-day reports: "The coal tamage shows another increase for the week over the preceding week of 7,000 tans, and a net increase for the season over corresponding time last year of 207,678 tuns. All the indications of coal trade continue to favor an unusually prosperous season, at improved prices. The Pottsrille Miners Journal says: 'The railroad is unuing largely on the canal this year, 'The railroad is gaining largely on the canal this year, so far, and there is every indication that it will continue to gain until the season is more advanced and there is more demand for prepared coal, for domestic purposes, within reach of bost navigation. Last year there was also some collision between the holders of wharves at Port Richmond and the management of the railroad, which does not now exist, that diverted con-

siderable tunnage from the railroad to the canal. We learn that there are turnouts at several of the collieries in this region for higher wages."

By The Pittsburgh Post, we learn the Common

Council of that city, at a special meeting, took up the ordinance which was passed by the Select Council some time since, levying a tax for the purpose of paying the interest upon the bonds issued to the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company. The original ordinance, as passed by Select Council, levied a tax of 41 mills. The Common Council reduced the amount of the levy to 31 mills, which they believed enough for the pur

pose, and passed the ordinance.

When the Select Council shall have concurred in the amendment, it will be a law. Thus both bodi is of the City Council have complied with the mandamus of the Supreme Court, as it was their duty to do.

Markets....Camepully Reported for The N. Y. Tribune.

Monday, April 7, 1 20.2.
COTTON—The market is firmer; — es of 1,500 i ales. We revise our quotations, as follows;

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

Uplanes. Florida. Mobils. N. O. & Tex.

Watson. SUGARS are less bnoyant; sales of 700 libds. Cuba at 6 76 le, and as high as 7|c; 50 libds. Porto Rico, part at 7|c.; 227 b.g. Trinided at 6.c., and 500 boxes Havana, on private terms. MOLASSES—We hear of sales of 275 libds. Cuba Muscovade

on private terms.

RICE is firm and active for export; sales of 800 tes. at \$45, \$45,0\$ 100 fb.

COCOA—We hear of sales of 144 bags Gaudiquil at 14; c. LEATHER-Hemlock and Oak are both steady and in moder

ate demand.

ASHES—The market is steady, with a fair demand at \$5.25 for Pear, \$5.82 for Pearl.

FLOUR AND MEAL—There is little variation to notice in the value of Western and State Flour; the demand is good for the house and Provincial trade, and the market slightly favors the letter at the close; the arrivals are liberal, and chiefly of the low grades; the better brades are more active, but are irregular; the sales are 5.60 this, at \$6.369 \$5.20 for Naperfine State; \$5.500 \$6.00 for \$1.00 for the low grades of \$1.60 this, at \$6.369 \$5.20 for Superfine State; \$5.500 \$6.00 for Eatra do.; \$6.800 \$5.20 for the low grades of Western Eatra; \$6.250 \$6.20 for the low grades of Western Eatra; \$6.250 \$6.20 for the low grades of Western Eatra; \$6.250 \$6.20 for the low grades of Western Chief, \$6.250 \$6.20 for the low grades of \$6.20 \$6.20 for \$1.20 for the low grades of \$6.20 \$6.20 for \$1.20 for the low grades of \$6.20 \$6.20 for \$1.20 for \$1.20 for the low grades of \$6.20 \$6.20 for \$1.20 fo ASHES—The market is steady, with a fair demand at \$5.25

at 21 c.

PhOVISIONS—The Pork many to specify the specify the arrivals are light: the sales are 517 bbls, at \$17.375 for New Mess; \$16.59 for Western Prime Mess; \$14.12/3 \$14.125 for New Prime, and \$12.75 \$12.475 for Old do. Beef is steady, and in air demand for the trade; takes of 330 bbls, at \$5.50 \$56 for Country bloss; \$9.69 \$10.50 for Repacked Mess, and \$11.25 \$12.50 for Extra. Prime Mess is quite at \$14.09 \$18. Bacon is scarce and wanted at \$19.50 for Repacked Mess, and \$11.25 \$12.50 for Extra. Prime Mess is quite at \$14.09 \$18. Bacon is scarce and wanted at \$19.50 for Repacked Mess, and \$11.25 \$12.50 for Extra. Prime Mess is quite at \$14.09 \$18. Bacon is scarce and wanted at \$10.50 for Repacked Mess, and \$12.50 \$12.50 for Fixed are mederate; sales of \$25.00 bigs, and the at 10.50 for the arrivals are mederate; sales of \$25.00 for sold, but is not very active; the arrivals are mederate; sales of \$25.00 for sold, but is not very active; the arrivals are mederate; sales of \$25.00 for sold, but is not very active; the arrivals are mederate; sales of \$1.000 for sold, \$1.40 for \$1.50 for PHOVISIONS-The Pork market is firm, but is quiet; the ar

Domskel, and 60 do. Washed Rio tirands, on private terms.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Trapentine is in meager supply, and prices are unsettled; small sales from store are making as high as 51%2c, while 50 bbls, to arrive in 15 days soid at 45c, and 200 do, on the way were disposed of at 45c, cash. Crade remains quiet. Common Rosin is also inactive, but the stock is light and prices are sustained; a recale of some 1,530 bbls has been made at \$1.60 P 310 lb, delivered. The medium and fine grader remain quiet; also of 200 bbs. No. 1 at \$2.54 \$2.50 lb.

Tar is quiet but steady at previous rates.

OILS—Lineed is steady, and in moderate request; sales of 12,600 gallons at 60%6bc.

United for the steady and in moderate request; sales of 12,600 gallons at 60%6bc.

2,000 gallons at 00 utere. Court and prices are sustained.

IRON—The market for Scotch Pig is dull at \$24 P tun, 6

enths. HOPS—The demand is very moderate at 6@10c., for fair to best 198.

LIME—Sales have been made of common Rockland at 90c.

HIDES—The market is guiet and somewhat heavy, on account
of the large stock offering; sales of 300 Vera Cruz at 215c. 6

months, rejecting had 439: Texas 22323 B average, at 19c. 6

months; 850 Western Slaughter at 95c. cash, and 1,100 California

Receipts of Produce.

Total by all Rovtes, May 7.—11,338 bbls, Flour, 350 do. Corn Med., 8,192 bush, Corn, 2,115 do. Onic, 5,497 do. Wheat, 24 bags seed, 674 pags, Provisions, 370 do. Lard, 86 do. Ashes, 575 do. Whishy.

Live Stock on the N. Y. and Eric Railroad.

Case-ville, Monday, May 7,160.
For the week ending Monday, May 7-45 cars Cettle, 13 car 1 Hogs, 7 cars Sheep, and 3 cars of Horses, making 93 car 16 car of live stock—add 141 car of express freight, making total namer of cars hauled by Stock Express during the week, 231; show g an increase over last week of 10 cars cettle.

LUQUER-PAYNE-On Thursday, May 3, at Christ Church Brocklyn, by the Rev Dr. Canfield, Lea Luquer to Eloise E. Payne, daughter of Thatcher T. Payne, all of that place. ROSSITER-STERLING-On Thursday, May 3, by the Rev. Dr. Adams, Thomas P. Rossiter to Mary A. Sterling, all of this

city,
irveland papers please copy.
ATERS—ASETON—In Buffalo, N. Y., on Sunday, April 29,
by the Rev. E. Lunding Newman, Paster of the River Side M.
E. Church, Mr. Asa Waters, late of Wareham, Mass., to Miss
Alice Asiaton of Buffalo.

DIED. COFFIN—At Hudson, N. Y., on Sunday morning, May 6, very suddenly, of dropey of the heart, Hattie, only daughter of Uriah H. Coffin of Catabill, aged 4 years and 11 months. COERISTON—On Sunday, May 6, after a long and painful ill ness, Mary, the beloved wife of James Corriston, aged 24 years and 5 months, a native of Cork, Ireland.

BRFFID-At his residence, No. 15 West Twentieth street, o Sunday morning, May 6, George Griffin, esq., LL. D., in th

Similary norming, May 6, George Griffin, eaq., Lil. D., in the Sid year of his age. Foundation of his age. Foundation of his age. For the side of the first his action of the first his action of the family are respectfully invited, without further notice.

It BBARD—On Sunday, May 6, Elizabeth Bleecker, wife of the Rev. George Hubbard, in the 29th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family, and of her father, Henry G. Hindden, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth avenue, corner Tenth street, or Toesday, 5th inst., at 25 o'clock p. m., without further invitation.

IALSEY-On Saturday, May 5, at Morristown, N. J., after a short illness, Mary A. Halsey, daughter of the late John Hal

short illness, Mary A. Isaser, is sey, esq.
LUDDEN-In Brooklyn, at his father's revidence, Clinton avenue, of diphtheria, Alonzo B., second son of Wm. A. and Louiss W. Ludden, aged 15 years, 6 months and 2 days.
The fenseal will take place at his father's residence, this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends and relatives are invited

to attend this city, on Monday, May 6, Bella, daughter of Isaac Meyer, aged 7 years, 8 months and 27 days.

EILE—At Port Chester, on Monday, May 7, 1859, Lydia Ann Rile, daughter of Edward F. Rile, aged 9 years and 6 months. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock, on the 3th inst, at the residence of her father, Port Chester.

STEVENS—On Saturday, May 5, 1869, Harriet Q., wife of Asa Stevens jr., aged 37 years.

The triends and relatives of the family, also the members of Continenal Ledge No. 287 F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, the 8th inst, at 10 o clock a. m., from her late residence, No. 80 Wooster street, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

HARP-On Sunday morning, May 6, Peter G. Sharp, jr., in the SQUIRES—At Greenpoint, Long Island, on Saturday, May 5, after a short lilners, Josephine, daughter of Eichard and Mary Ann Squires, aged 6 years, 6 months and 2 days.

THOMSON-On Saturday evening, May 5, of pneumonia, after a short illness, Anne, eldest daughter of the late David Thom Her friends and those of the family are requested to attend her finneral on Tuesday afternoon, ath inst., at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 42 West Fifteenth attest, without further

invitation.
WILLIAMS—Suddenly, on Sunday morning, May 6, of diseas
of the beart, John Williams, veterinary surgeon, formerly

of the heart, John Williams, veterinary surgeou, formerly of New-York.

His fineral will take place on Taesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 22 Flathesh avenue, Brooklyn. His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without further notice.

WILSGN—In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning May 6, Charles E., aon of George W. and Mary Ann Wilson, aged 2 months and 3 days.

am of George W. and Mary Ann Wilson, aged 2 months and 3 days.

WR1GHT—In this city, on Sanday evening, May 6, after a short fillness, Christina Malcomb, wife of James Wright, a mative of Pandey, Scotland, in the 3th year of her say.

WYCKOFF—In South Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 5, 1860, Catharine A. Magaw, wife of Yan Baren Wyckoft, aged 35 years, 6 months and 24 days.

The relative and friends of the family are respectfully invited to strend from her interned on Tuesday, May 3, at 3 o'clock in the afterneon, from her late residence, No. 17 Seventsemb street, WLESON—On Monday, May 7, 1860, Edwin D. Wilson, seed 5 years and 7 months, only child of Henry and Ellis Wilson.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the fameral this (Tuesday) afternoon at 1/1 o'clock, from No. 26 East Eighteenth attent, without further invitation.

For undertionard Marrianges and Deaths see Sth Page. For additional Marriages and Deaths see 8th Page.

CITY ITEMS.

Everybody complained of the heat yesterday, and it really was a sweltering day, the thermometer playing all sorts of high old pranks, away up among the eighties, and the atmosphere being filled with a smoky mid-Summer haze. So suddenly has Summer come upo us that we are altogether unprepared for it. The heat was absolutely wilting. The day closed cool and cloudy, with liberal promise of a thunder shower. The rain is needed by the drooping crops, and the dusty streets that Delevan plays at cleaning, would be al the better for a good wetting down.

NEW-YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE.-At a meeting of the trustees of the New-York Produce Exchange, held yesterday, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the present year: Samuel C. Paxson, Pres dent; Capt. F. W. Trench, Vice President; W. H Newman, Treasurer; Edward Cromwell, Secretary. Adon Smith, jr., of the firm of Smith, Mott & Co. was elected a trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Wolfe.

TRIAL OF STEAM-ENGINES IN THE PARK .- The City-Hall Park had the aspect of a rain-storm during a greater part of yesterday afternoon; two steam fireengines, one from Seneca Falls, and the other from Portland, Maine, having been brought forth to exhibit their respective merits before the firemen of New-York. The former engine was manufactured by Silsby, Mynderse & Co., after Boyd's patent, and is remarkable for the steady manner in which it works, as also for being one of the lightest machines of the kind ever constructed. Instead of the piston and flywheel, the engine has a rotary motion, which, oper ating crosswire, accounts for its steadiness. It was built for the city of Philadelphia, and was worked yestereay by the members of Engine Company No. 7 The other engine was built by the Portland Locomo tive Company, with the Johnson reciprocating pumps. It was brought here simply on exhibition, and was worked yesterday by the members of Hose Company No. 22. In both cases the engines are adapted to the use of coal, and are drawn by hand. The time in firing up and the power of throwing water to a distance was, in neither case, any improvement upon our own machines.

SINGULAR DEATH .- On last Wednesday evening, a Mr. Cooper was run over and killed by a train of cars on the Hudson River Railroad , at Carmansville, The accident was unavoidable on the part of the engineer, and the Ceroner's Jury exonerated him from all blame. The deceased was terribly mangled, and the dreadful occurrence made a deep impression upon the engineer, who saw the whole occurrence without ability to prevent it. The next day he did not drive his locometive; but the day following he concluded to try it again, accompanied, however, by a brother engineer. As he approached Carmansville, he becam instantly agitated, and, upon passing the place where the accident occurred, he fainted away. He never revived, and died the following evening literally broken-hearted. It is said that he was one of the bes engineers on the road.

CITY MORTALITY .- According to the City Inspectors weekly report of mortality, the total number of deaths last week was 405, of whom 116 were boys, 99 girls, 103 women, and 87 men; being a decrease of 86 from last week, and of 25 from the corresponding week of last year. Of deaths resulting from absolute disease 72 were cases of consumption, 43 of scarlet fever, 21 of infantile convulsions, 17 of infantile marasmus, 16 of diphtherite, 15 of croup, 15 of inflammation of the lungs, 13 of inflammation of the brain, 11 of dropsy in the head, 11 of heart disease, 10 of measles, 8 congestion of the lungs, 8 of brenchitis, 7 of infantile debility, 5 of apoplexy, and the remainder of various other diseases. Of deaths from external and other causes not depending on climate or season, there were is the score of yesterday's play: 32, 6 being "casualties," 4 drowned, 4 intemperance, 4 old age, 4 accidental suffocation, 2 delirium tremens. Classified in respect to their ages: 76 were under one year, 44 between 1 and 2, 64 between 2 and 5, 61 from that age up to 30, 57 between 30 and 40, 32 between 40 and 50, and 66 from that age upwards; in respect to their nativities, 253 were Americans, 85 Irish, 37 Ger man, 5 English, 4 British America, 4 Scotch, 3 Italian, 2 Norwegian, 2 French.

THE COURTS.—The May term of the law courts commenced yesterday morning. The various courts preented a busy scene, being througed with lawyers and clients. The calendars are very heavy, most of the important suits commenced last year being ready for ial In the Supreme Court there is a General Term, on the calendar of which is a number of the old Polic cases, the Second District Court Clerks case, and the 1st regiment Colonelcy dispute. Among the criminal cases to be disposed of are the conviction of Ranney the gift-book man, and the mandamus against Sheriff Kelly for not imprisoning Alderman Barry. The latter car will bring up the question how for the City Judge can in terfere with a decision made by his coordinate Judge the Recorder. The Over and Terminer and Part I. o the Circuit is held by Judge Ingraham. Business the Oyer and Terminer will not be fairly under way till next week, but when reached will be promptly dis posed of by Judge Ingraham. Part II. of the Circui is held by Judge E. D. Smith. The Special Term an Chambers are presided over by Judge Leonard. In the Superior Court there is a General Term held, two Trial Terms, and a Special Term. In the Comm Pleas there are two Trial Terms, held by Judges Hil on and Daly, the Special Term being presided over by Judge Brady. In the Federal Courts there is an uuns ally heavy criminal calendar. The prominent cases to be disposed of are the murders on the sloop E. A. John son, the bark Anna, and the murder of the second matof the brig Henry Warren, while that vessel was i Havana. It is not unlikely that measures may taken by the Grand Jury to bring the delinquent tip staves of the Marshal's office to summary justice.

MISOR CITY ITEMS. - Drew & French yesterday eccived per steamer from Savannah 18 pails, 2 quart each, strawberries, and sold them at two dollars a pail, and 14 boxes, 1 quart each, and sold them at one dollar each The railing around the Worth Monument has been finished at last. It represents a row of straight swords supported by the guards and knots, painted bronze color. Heavy granite corner and base stone give a solid and complete look to the whole affair The base of the monument is, however, still encased i boards, covered with unsightly posters, and the groun in the open space is still unregulated and covered with rubbish The Directors of the Great Eastern, having applied to our Pilot Commissioners in regard to the ca pacities of our harbor, those gentlemen replied by the steamer last Wednesday, that they would send a pilo to England, if desired, to come out with the mammoth ship-and that they could bring her into New-York harbor if she did not draw over twenty-six feet of water The Government has ordered a bark from the Navy Yard to cruise off the Hook, in order to in tercept the frigate Roanoke, and give her orders to go to Washington. The bark has been on the look out for some days already, under command of Mr. Felant, of the Navy Yard ... On Saturday afternoon, as Gene ral Pilsbury was about leaving Ward's Island for Albany, he was met by all the employees of that place on the wharf, and presented with a beautiful writing desk. The General was deeply affected, as were the men, and the parting was a scene which by those pre ent will long be remembered ... Messrs. Garney Sons, of No. 707 Broadway, announce that the Dying Tecumseh, and other statuary, will be on exhibition at their Photographic Gallery.

CORRECTION .- Mr. G. W. Daley, of Richmond Co. desires us to say that he did not appear before Justice Haggerty on Staten Island, on behalf of Mr. O'Brien at the time of that person's arrest for conspiring to destroy the ballot-box at the late election. He asserts that he spoke only for himself, and to express his de-

sire for a thorough examination of the circum tances of the case, and his willingness to do all in his powe

VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES TO AMERICA. -Th Prince of Wales will probably sail from England about the middle of July, with an escort of five or six steam ships. He will land first at St. John's, Newfoundland the Government of which has made arrangements to give him a suitable reception, and sail from thence to Halifax, Nova-Scotia, where the English North Amer ican fleet, under Admiral Milne, has been ordered to rendezvous to receive him; and after a short stay there, the entire fleet will proceed to Quebec. will then visit Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and N agara, and it is hoped that he will be induced to pro ceed from Niagara by railroad to New-York, and the fleet be ordered to join him here, sailing hence to En-

gland direct. When the last steamer left England, it was no definitely decided whether the Prince would visit New-York or Washington, but it is hoped he will be induced to do both.

Burke's Peerage describes the eleven titles of th

Burke's Peerage describes the eleven titles of the Prince of Wales as follows:
Albert Edward, the eldest son of Queen Victoria, was born Nov. 9, 1841, and consequently was 18 years old last November As a Prince of England, Scotland, Iroland, and Germany, he has by birth and letters patent, the following titles:

1. Prince of Wales, by patent, 1841, English.

2. Duke of Gornwall, by birth, English.

3. Earl of Chester, by patent, English.

4. Great Steward of Scotland, by patent, English.

5. Duke of Rothay, by birth, Scotch.

6. Beron of Carriek, by birth, Scotch.

7. Beron of Renfren, by birth, Scotch.

8. Lord of the Isles, by birth, Scotch.

9. Earl of Dublin, by patent, 1849, Irish.

10. Duke of Saxony, German.

11. Prince of Coburg and Goths, German.

The following has been sent:

Te the Mayor and Common Council of the City of New York.

The following has been sent:

To the Mayor and Common Commel of the City of New-York.

The undersigned citizens of New-York venture to call you attention to the visit which the Prince of Weles, the heir apparent to the throne of Great British and Ireland, is about to make to America on the invitation of the British provinces.

This is to be regarded as the visit, not merely of a person or great distinction, but of a future ruler to his future subjects, an partaking of an official character.

Considering the intinute relations which exist between on country and England, and by how many ties we are bound to that great country, over which the Prince of Weles will here after reign; and not forgetting that international countries ten to promote good understanding between mations, and lessen the chances of war, we heg leave to suggest that he should be invited to visit this city and receive its hospitalities.

New York, May 1, 1899.

Gyns W. Field.
Win. C. Bryant, Marshall O. Roberts, Horace Webster, Win. H. Appleton, Francis Lieber, Indian Marshall O. Roberts, Horace Webster, John A. Stevens, Hy E. Pierrepont, Royal Phelps, Prancis L. Hawks, Lewis A. Sayre.

The Common Council last night directed the Mayor to invite his Royal Highness to visit this city.

to invite his Royal Highness to visit this city.

FOURTH PRESERVERY OF NEW YORK.—A special meeting of the Fourth Presbytery of New-York (New School) was held yesterday at 9 a. m., in the rooms of the A. B. C. F. M. The Rev. A. A. Wood was dismissed from the Presbytery, as he is soon to be settled at Geneva, N. Y. The Rev. Mr. Hovey, Pas tor of the Eleventh Presbyterian Church, was appointed Clerk of the Presbytery in place of Mr. Wood,

The Courrier des Etats Unis has an elaborate leader against the Police Board in connection with the new Sunday law. If the arguments of the Courrier ar not more correct than its idea of the composition of the Board (it says the members are Messrs. Bowen and Cholwell), its essay isn't worth much.

CRICKET .- Yesterday was the day appointed for the commencement of the Cricket season by the New-York and St. George's Cricket Clubs of this city. As early as 11 o'clock quite a number of the players were present, and as soon as a sufficient number arrived for a game, a scrub match was made. The grounds of both clubs were in splendid condition. The following

NEW-	YORK.
SHARP'S SIDE. Sharp b. Samms. 1 Senior c. Sharp b. Stephens. 30 Bray e. Sharp b. Stephens. 40 Lush, run out. 40 Mudie c. Sharp b. Stephens. 2 Winsten b. Crossley 6 Porter, not out. 6 Bronson c. Bray b. Stephens. 4 Byes. 6 Total. 651	Sanms, not out. Crossley st. Wardle. Chadwick, run out. Watts c. Wardle b. Sharp. Wardle c. Senior b. Sharp. White, st. out.
ST OF	ower's

ve b. S. Wrigh

Sons of TEMPERANCE .- A new division of this order was instituted in this city last Saturday night by J. N. Stearns, G. W. P., assisted by the officers of the Grand Division and delegations from New-York and Brooklyn, to be called Dashaway Division. It is one of the results of the establishment of the Coffee and Reading Room in the New-Bowery by Orville Gardner, who is one of the Charter Members. Mr. Gardner continues his labors in the cause, and is fitting up a new hall over the Coffee Room for the regular meetings of the Division, and for public gatherings.

SHAMEFUL TREATMENT OF EMIGRANT PASSENGERS. -The passengers on board the British ship Constitution, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, complain that they received, during the passage, the most brutal treatment from the surgeon and crew that could be conceived. They were beaten and knocked about as if they were brutes, and upon leaving the vessel yesterday morning, and while on board the steaming Sattelite, all huddled together without any protection for their bodies, a shower of large tin cans was thrown at them from the ship by the mate and crew, severely injuring several of the passengers. Two women were so badly hurt as to- require aid to walk, their heads being cut and bruised to fearful extent.

RUM, ROWDIES, AND RIOT .- On Saturday night last six rowdies named Patrick Levy and Andew Hollinwood, with his brothers Joseph, Christopher, Mathew and William, procured them a quantity of liquor to last them over Sunday. They retired to their own rooms, where they spent their Sabbath in uproarious revelry. An old gentleman named James Reid, residng at No. 146 West Eighteenth street, having ber seriously annoyed by them all day, called on them in the evening and requested them to desist. Thereupon the young rowdies set upon the old gentleman with clubs, and stones, beating him severely, ending their performance by sticking dinner knives and forks in his ace. In consequence of the injuries he received, Mr. Reid has been unable to leave his bed since the occur rence, but his son appeared before Justice Kelly yesterday, and made complaint against the pugilistic ras cals, who were subsequently arrested and locked up to

DEATH BY POISON.—We published a few days since an account of the death by poison, of Mrs. Hannah Peiser of No. 239 Hudson street. The lady was taken sick with severe vomiting, and it was thought that she had accidentally partaken of poison which had been placed about the room for the destruction of rats. The stomach and intestines were subjected to chemical tests by Dr. Zinker, the result of which was made known to Coroner Schirmer and a Jury of inquest. The analysis showed the presence of a sufficient quantity of arsenic to cause death. The evidence elicited showed that the deceased had been in very low spirits previous to ber death, and that she told her daughter on the morning of her death that it was her last day on earth. Some other witnesses were examined, but nothing further was ascermined. The case was then submitted to the Jury, who soon rendered a verdiet, to the effect that the deceased came to her death by arsenic, and they believed it was administered by herself for purposes of self-destruction.

A SEVERE STORM. - Capt. Pendleton of the ship Texas, from New-Orleans, arrived yesterday, reports that on the 1st inst., in lat. 37° 22', lon. 71° 19', his ship was boarded by a heavy sea, which split main rail and plankshear, stove bulwarks and the poop deadlights, started the poop gable, carried away the forward skylight and forward house, and washed overboard Joseph Brown, second officer, of Trieste, and Charles Robinson, seaman, both of whom were lost, By the same sen the stewards arm was broken, and the captain suffered severe injuries.

103,723 Visirous .- The Reading-Room of the Cooper Institute has received, since it was opened, in November last, more than 100,000 visits. Up to May 1, there had been registered 96,504 male and 7,219 female visitors, in all 103,723. This is a considerably larger number than visit the Mercantile Library; but we are informed that there is no diminution in the number of readers there. DIABOLICAL MISCHIEF .- As the Millerton train, on

the Harlem Road, was passing through the deep cut at Yorkville, on Saturday evening, a heavy stone was thrown down upon the train, hitting one of the rear ears a crashing blow, and as it glanced off, striking the arm of a gentleman sitting with his elbow resting upon the sill of an open window a severe blow. It bruised off a piece of skin and flesh as large as half a dollar, and for ten or lifteen minutes the pain was so intense that it required the utmost exertion of his will to avoid swooning, partial blindness having repeatedly overcome him. He thinks a full blow of the stone thrown so wantonly, would have smashed the bones of his arm into fragments. If aimed particularly at any one, it was probably at some one on the platform, as it struck the person injured as the car passed it in its descent from where it first struck. The injured person will willingly pay a reward of \$10 for information th will lead to the conviction of this one or any other of the villians who practice this kind of diabolical mischief. Application may be made for the reward to the President of the Harlem Road.

NEW-YORK SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION.-The Committee of Arrangements for the Anniversary to be held on Tuesday, May 8, 1860, at 21 o'clock p. m., hereby give notice that the several schools have been assigned to meet at the following places:

PRESENTERIAN CHURCH, TENTH STREET, CORNER UNIVERSULT PLACE.—Committee: Peter Balon: Nos. 14, 27, 33, 43, 115

Central Presentricia" Church. Broome Street.—Committee: William P. Cook; Nos. 19, 26, 42, 73, and Mission 141, 144.

Carmine-Street Presentricias Church.—Committee: William Olma Boutne; Nos. 18, 22, 43, 55, 66, 70, 190, Laight-Street Baptist Tricken.—Committee: A. S. Jewell: Nos. 3, 23, 30, 34,58, 172.

Second-Avence Baptist Triberal Committee: A. S. Jewell: Nos. 3, 21, 130, 160, 176.

Fourteenth-Street Presentreman Church.—Committee: W.W. Armfield; Nos. 2, 11, 30, 160, 176.

Fourteenth-Street Presentreman Church.—Committee: H. Recenter: Nos. 32, 64, 80, 81, 89, 132, 146.

Sixteenth-Street Presentreman Church.—Committee: H. Brewster: Nos. 32, 64, 80, 81, 89, 132, 146.

Sixteenth-Street Baptist Church.—Committee: J. C. Hiber: Nos. 49, 52, 65, 91, 162, 168.

Maddenn-Square Presentreman Church.—Committee: R. G. Pardee: Nos. 5, 9, 17, 43, 43, 133, 137, 175.

Lexington-Appendent Baptist Church.—Committee: Joseph Weles: Nos. 46, 169, 152, 161, 173, 176.

Calvary Baptist Church, Treenth-Church.—Committee: Sond Baptist Church, Twenty-There Street.—Committee: Samel Holmes: Nos. 3, 54, 67, 66, 103, 191, 207, 211.

Footy-Second-Street Presentreman Church. Street.—Committee: John C. Barder: Nos. 6, 137, 165, 122, 197, 292.

Fifteent-Street Presentreman Church, Nos. 3, 54, 67, 66, 103, 191, 207, 211.

Footy-Second-Street Presentreman Church, Near Elemen Avence.—Committee: C. W. Sanders: Nos. 31, 76, 82, 29, 103, 165.

The exercises will commence at the places designated at 21

165.
The exercises will commence at the places designated at 2; o'clock p. m. precisely. Superintendents will see that their schools are in their places, and scated at least 15 minutes before the exercises commence: and it is especially requested that Superintendents and teachers continue as closers against handling the books, or injuring the forniture of the pews.

A CARD FROM JOHN MORRISSEY. To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

Sin: I see by the newspapers since I arrived from England, that there appears to be some ill-feeling expressed toward me in this country for the part i took in the late fight between Sayers and Heema. For the opinion entertaines of me by the fighting frateristy I care but fittle, but I do wish to have myself placed in a proper light before the public, and with that object in view I address you these likes.

myself placed in a proper light before the public, and with that object in view I address you these lives.

In the first place, the part I took in the light was purely a business one, not thinking for a moment that it would prove such a national affair. Hereian himself said it was no national affair, ine did not consider it as such. In betting my money on Sayers, and going to England to witness the light. I did no more than others did, and why I should be singled out as a target against which public opinion should be directed I cannot say. It is said I cut the ropes, and was the chief instigator in breaking up the field. Now, as far as cutting the ropes was concerned, they were ions whatever.
In reference to the fight itself, and the cause which led to its

breaking up, and the capabilities of the men. I prefer not to anything until Mr. Heeman and his friends arrive home. It to give them an opportunity of replying to any statement I, hereafter make. I have seen it stated in one of the newspa-that Heeman had authorized McDonald to challenge me. No that Heenan had authorized McDonald to challenge me. Now, it know nothing of this challenge, except through this newspaper paragraph and it have nothing to say in gelation to it at present. It was removed that on my arrived in Boston I was subjected to threats of violence by the friends of Mr. Heenan. I assure you there is no foundation for such a report. I passed through Boston as quietly as any other citizen, and arrived in this city on Friday evening.

JOHN MORRISSEY.

COLORED PEOPLE AND THE CITY RAILROADS.

SIR: As we have many distinguished colored travel-ers in this city at present, I wish to inform them that the First, Second, Third, I believe the Fourth, and certainly the Eighth and Ninth-Avenue cars and stages, are open to respectable pas-sengers who behave well and pay their way. J. M. C. PENNINGTON.

DIED IN THE HOSPITAL.—On Sunday morning, John Collins, an Irishman, who had been admitted to Bellevue Hospital while suffering from an attack of delirium tremens, died suddenly. An examination of the body showed that the deceased had been subjected to great violence. Nothing whatever could be ascertained as to the manner in which he was injured. An inquest will be held on the body to-day.

[Advertisement].
PARTIAL DEAFNESS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR.—Dr. HARTLEY generously offers to attend all persons suffering from affections of the Ear at his office. No. 763 Broadway, N. Y., without charge until oured-thereby preving his success menualed, and protecting the deaf from heing awindled by paying self-styled Aurists exorbitant fees in advance, and the infliction of still more serious evils, by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands.

tion of dangerous remedies by inexperienced so hands.

Dr. H. may here state that he has no connection whatever with any person advertising to cure deafness; neither has reversive permission for the sublication of a certificate purporting to emanute from bim, and cannot, therefore, be responsible for any alarming consequences resulting from rahness and despera tion. The loss of money may not be material to some persons but the deprivation of one of the most important of the sense ought to be regarded and treated with more than ordinary solicitude.

itude.

Deafness, noise in the head, and all disagreeable discharge on the Ear, speedily and permanently removed, without cause Deafness, noise in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the Est, specify and permanently removed, without caus-ing the least pain or inconvenience. A cure in all cases guaran teed where malformation does not exist.

Thirteen years' close and almost undivided attention to this branch of special practice has enabled him to reduce his treat-ment to such a degree of success as to find the most continued and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed.

and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed.

The following testimonists are submitted with confidence. They will show at least in what estimation his professional qualitations are held by some of the most distinguished medical men of the country:

"I have had the pleasure to meet Dr. HARTLEY in practice, and have been led to form a favorable epinion of his character, both in profession and as a gentleman.

"W. H. PARKER, M. D., Professor of Surgery."

"From any intercourse with Dr. HARTLEY, I have found his deportment to be correct and gentlemanly."

References in this city, throughout the State, and in all parts of the Union, and to Physicians of the highest respectability and good stanting in America.

Attendance frein 9 a.m. to 18 p. m. Attendance frein 9 a.m. to 18 p. m. HARTLEY on DISEASE. Just Published, a Pamphlet by Dr. HARTLEY on DISEASE. THE EAR, its Cause, Prevention, and Cure. Price 25 cents, mail or otherwise. Office No. 763 Broadway, N. Y.

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EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of The Scalpel, attends exclusively to Operative Surgery, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, hamorrholds, fixtula, and concealed abscess of the rectum, are cored without the knife or limiture. Hobart Ford, Brooklyn, D. C. McCalium, the knife or limiture. Hobart Ford, Brooklyn, D. C. McCalium, New York, John Calium, New York, John Alexander Thompson, Monticello, N. Y., John Lynn, eaq. Newton, N. J., Maurice Bernett. New Opteans, Henry Livingston, New York, and more than two hundred others in various ports of the Union. Office hours from 8 to 2 s. ms., 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 p. ms., at No. 42 5th av. At all other hours he is at his private hospital, where every comfect of demestic life is provided for those who require the more important operations, or careful dietetic treatment.

[Advertisement.] [Advertisement.]
Success and Happiness are open to all who know how to use their capabilities. A correct, phrenological examination is the best method of learning these capabilities, and may be obtained daily at Fowlar & Watles's, No. 30s Broadway.

GAS! GAS!-NEW GAS FIXTURES for the Spring trade, superior to any ever offered before, will be found at our great Manufacturing Depot. Removed to No. 579 Broadway, opposite Nible's. Wart Ra. Prox & Co.

ADMIRATION AND WONDER.—All admire th ADMIRATION AND WONDER.—All Admire thoses.

Rich Silks at Mesers. Charles Heard & Co.'s, No. 301 Grands, and all equally wonder how they can be sold at such a such as series as 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., and \$1 per yard. Housekeepers mire those Rich Lack Chiptarias in sets, and their extensive stock of Lack and Muslin Draffing, and wonder if the many-facturers are insune to sacrifice their goods. The secret is simply facturers are insune to sacrifice their goods. The secret is simply their goods into auction, and hence the result—40 per cent below actual cost is their procent market value—at least anch as may be obtained at present at Charles Heard & Co.'s, 301 Grand &.

OAK ORCHARD ACID SPRING WATER.—The Water is pronounced by distinguished physicians to be highly valuable as a medicinal agent. We know that ten thousand remedies are in the market, and advertised to core as many different diseases; but we have such strong faith in the curative properties of this Water, that we do not hesitate to recommend it to invalide generally. Its virtues have been thoroughly tested

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Root's), No. 3:3 Brondway, corner of Franklin-st.
DAGUENRHOTYPES, INDEXTRES, &C., &C.,
In the first style.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT-May 7-Before Judges NELSON and SHALLET.

THE OTSTER SLOOP TRAGEDY-ARGUMENT ON THE 18-RISDICTION OF THE COURT.

Judges Nelson and Smalley took their seats on the beach at the opening of the Court this morning. The Juny were discharged until Tue-day morning. Judge Nelson said that he had agreed to hear several Indis-

Judge Neuson said that he man agreed to deal we have rubber and sewing muchine cases this term, but he would we be able to hear them until the latter part of the month. In the case of Albert W. Hicks, indicted for piracy and the murder of Capt. Berr of the schooner E. A. Johnson, Mr. Dwight, the Assistant District-Artorney, stated that the defend-

Divight, the Assignt District-Attorney, stated that the deceases that plesded to the jurisdiction.

Mr. Graves, counsel for the prisoner, read the indictment and ples. He also read a statement of facts agreed upon between the respective parties. It was in effect that the prisoner first arrived on shore at Staten Island; then came to New-York, and went from here to Providence, where he was arrested by Mesers.

Nevin and Smith.

He claimed that this Court had no other jurisdiction than

He claimed that this Court had no other jurisdiction than that conferred by the act of Congress, and next that the jurisdiction first having control of the prisoner must try the case. This apprehension by Mr. Nevin was a lawful one, for the act of Congress spoke merely of an apprehensing and not an arrest. The District Attorney took the ground that "apprehension meant a legal apprehension, which is this case was not had till the warrant was placed in the hands of the Marshal. Hence the first apprehension oild not take place till the prisoner was arrested in this city.

The Court coincided with the District Attorney and held that the prisoner could be tried in this city.

The trial was then set down for Monday next.

SUPERIOR COURT-TRIAL TERM-May 7 .- Before Justice

THE DEATH OF GEORGE GRIFFIN.

At the opening of the Court this morning, Mr. A. B.,
Dyett announced the death of Mr. George Griffin, a member of
the bar; and he moved an adjournment of the Court out of respect to the memory of the decessed. The motion was seconded
by Mr. J. E. Stuyvesant, and the Court adjourned till Tuesday,
convince.

norning.
In part II., before Woodruff, J., a similar motion was made by Mr. Bell, and the Court adjourned accordingly.

Before Justice SMITH.

CONDENSED MILK.

Griscom et al. agt. Borden et al.

Griscom et al. agt. Borden et al.

The plaintiffs brought sulf against the defendants for the sum of \$3,000 for a breach of contract. The 'plaintiffs elleged that they entered into a contract with the defendants by which they were to have the exclusive right to sell Borden's condensed milk in the district between Fourteenth and Fortischs streets for the period of three years. At the expiration of the contract, the vehicles and appurtenances were to be purchased at a fair valuation by the detendants. One of the plaintiffs was to act as general agent, while the other, Dr. Griscom, was to use his pen and voice in recombending the milk.

By the terms of the agreement the defendants were to deliver such quantities of milk as the plaintiffs should desire. In Juny, 1863, the defendants refused to give any more milk te plaintiffs, though requested to do so.

The defendants, in answer, allege a violation of the contract on the part of the plaintiffs; that they did not provide the necessary which is for the sale of the milk, nor did they promote the sale of the same.

Every allegation in the complaint was then specifically denied. use still on.
Wood and Kinney for plaintiffs; J. D. and T. D. Sherwood for

SUPREME COURT-CIRCUIT-Before Justice INGRAGAM. DEATH OF EX-JUDGE BEARDSLEY. This afternoon, Mr. Boardman announced to the

This afternoon, Mr. Boardman announced to the Court the death of the Hon. Samuel Beardsley, late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. On motion of Mr. Boardman, the Court adjourned till this morning.

The General Term also adjourned.

CHANKINSS—May T.—Before Justice BONNES.

THE ATRINSOS HABLAS CORPUS.

In re. the Petition of Fanny Atkinson.

To-day was the time appointed by the Judge for his decision in this case. All the parties except Capt. Miller (who was unwell) being in Court, the Judge delivered a written opinion, in which he cause to the combision that here was no proof but that the child was swell taken care of There was no evidence that the child was swell taken care of There was no evidence that the child was retrained of his liberty. From all the fact in the case, the Judge decided that the child should remain with Capt. Miller till he was of age to decide for himself.

Mr. Most, for relator: E. B. Shafer, for respondent.

Pefore Justice Miller.

THE WATROUS TEXAS LAND FRACDS.

Since A Jacob Mussins agt. Charles Stillman et al.

This cancerame up again last Friday, on the application of defendant's counsel to postpone or modify an order requiring the examination of Mr. Alling, one of the defendants on behalf of the plaintiffs.

quiring the examination of Mr. Alling, one of the defendants of behalf of the plaintils.

It seems that the plaintils rely upon the testimony of the de-fendants to prove the conspiney alleged in this case, and that Charles Stilman, another of the defendants, was last duly sum-momed to pipear and be examined, and that in November last he procured in order from Judge Davies, permitting him to go to Texas without completing his examination, but requiring him to appear to resume it on the 5th of March last, which he did not do, and that during the pendency of a motion to strike out his answer for his non-appearance, Mr. Alling, a resident of New-Orienna, came to this city for the purpose of guing to France on Saturday but (where his family have removed to by the steamer Venderfull, and was summoned to appear and answer, in lieu of Stillmon, on the lath instant. On Friday, Mr. Lot C. Clark, for defendant, applied to Judge Mullin to medify the order requiring Mr. Alling's examination so as to permit him to start for Europe on Saturday.

Vanderfills, and was summoned to appear and answer, in lieu of Stillmon, on the 14th instant.

On Friday, Mr. Lot C. Clark, for defendant, applied to Judge Mullin to meedify the order requiring Mr. Alling's examination so as to permit him to start for Europe on Saurday.

The Judge said he had just extended the time for the defendant, Stillman's examination so as to permit him to start for Europe on Saurday.

The Judge said he had just extended the time for the defendant, Stillman's examination are executed the urgency of his business, and now he was asked to grant a similar favor to Mr. Alling, another defendant. Het hought that the anxiety of those defendants to avoid their examination had become a peculiar feature of this case.

He would give the counsel for plaintiffs, Mr. Gardner, time, as this application was made without due notice to prepare slidavits as to whether the modination asked for would interfere with the rights of the plaintiffs. Subsequently the argument was brought up again! and Mr. Clark, for defendant, cited some authority to show that it was discretionary with the Court to grant this application, and that a commission to take Mr. Alling's testimony in Europe might be inxed which would answer all the purposes of an examination required by the order. He said that the defendant was making to be a rested in this summary manner just at his departure.

Mr. H. C. Gardner, for plaintiffs, insisted that plaintiffs were entitled to the examination of Alling, as a matter of right conferred both by the statute and the code, and that the entering of an order permitting defendant to depart from the jurisdiction of the Court, would deprive the plaintiffs of this right shogether. This was a charge of conspiracy, and in must be proved by facts and order permitting defendant was delay, and if must be proved by facts and circumstances, and it would be impossible to frame linearrogatories in a commission with such ingenuity as to prove these circumstances, and even if that could be done, what power had the pl

Before Justice LEGNAND,
THE COSGROVE MURDER.

Ex-Judge Phillips, counsel for Barney Cole, indicted with two others for the murder of Pat Cosgrove, made a motion this morning to have his citent admitted to bail. The question was submitted to the Court without argument on either

A. A. Phillips for the motion; H. W. Allen (for the District Attorney) opposed. COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS-May 7-Before Judg

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIGNS—May 7—Before Judg Research.

The May term of this Court opened this morning i the presence of a large number of attendants Interested in cases to be tried. The following Grand Jury was selected and sworm: James King, Foreman; Win. H. Bryan, George Bell, Abram Ayrres, Win. F. Booth, James H. Banker, Benjamin Ellis, Henry P. Kells, Theodore Froment, Thomas J. Gilderslieve, Charles E. Hunter, Stephen Haff, Frederic M. James, Henry P. Marshall, John Romer, George B. Satteflee, Oliver S. Strong, and Barrett A. Vananken.

Judge Russell charged the Grand Jury upon the various points of the law width would come up before them, in the usual manner, calling especial attention to the law passed by the last Logislature in reterence to ticket awindling, and instructing them to thid ell gullty who come under its provisions.

An hour and a half was then spent in hearing the objections of counsel to proceeding with the trial of their respective cases; offer which the Court adjourned without doing any further business.

COURT CALENDAR—Thus Day.

Suprimer Court—General Term.—Non-cummerated: Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, to 13, 16, 17, 18, 184, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 23, Suprimer Court—Cencurt—Part L—Nos. 965, 963, 967, 561, 1663, 1